Approved Primary Electrical Installation

Contractor Training Class 2025



Class Timeline

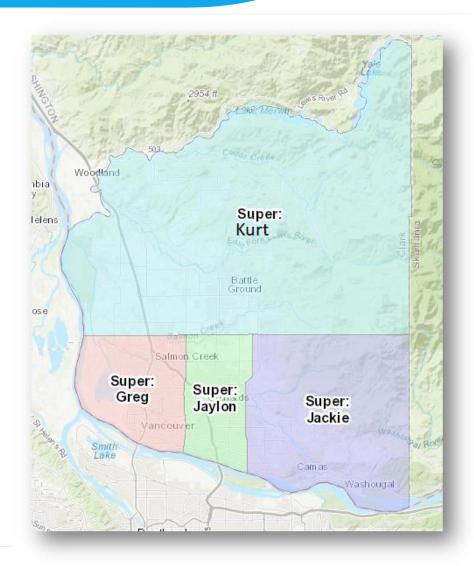


- Bathrooms
- Emergency Exits & Check in Location
- AEDs
- Sign-in

Introductions



- > Brian Roden, T&D Manager
- Carly Beck, Standards Engineer
- > Jolynn Burk, Primary Contractor Coordinator
- Construction Superintendents
- New Construction
 - Justin Rindt, New Construction Designer
 - Sean Boyle, Construction Inspector
 - Zach Muonio, Construction Inspector
 - Jim Angel, Construction Inspector
- Construction Coordinators
- Justin Zucconi, Safety Manager



Program Background



Began in 1994 to prevent a rate increase and has grown into what it is today

- PUD received approval from State L&I
 - Which requires this training
 - And require the signed agreement
- Benefits
 - Competitive pricing/free market
 - Reduces pricing
 - Covers the cost of installation
- Safe Quality Installations
- Benefits Our customers

Delisting of Contractor



Program violations:

- Violation of safety practices and standards
 - L&I Hazard Report will be filed
- A specific job fails two inspections
 - Contractor fails to correct unsatisfactory installations within 10 working days
- Non-compliance with the Electrical System Installation Agreement

Online Information



 All Information covered today is available on the CPU website: <u>www.clarkpublicutilities.com</u>

- QR Codes on business cards links to Commercial and Residential Electric Service Handbooks
 - Use as a guide; local, state and federal codes supersedes
 - CPU Standards not construction procedures (look at material directions for procedures)
- Please exhaust these resources before calling with questions

Process of the Job



Call your CPU Designer at least 2 weeks before starting

After primary trench and conduit is installed, call CPU Ops for a primary inspection at least two days ahead of schedule

CPU Ops: 360-992-8839

Process of the Job



- Approved Contractors <u>CANNOT</u> work with or in energized equipment
 - CPU journeyman will unlock equipment and provide a safety watch. No physical help should be assumed or expected.
- CPU journeyman has the right to <u>STOP</u> the standby if OSHA violations are observed (Trenching/shoring, PPEs, etc.)

Safety



- High-hazard field environments
- Consistency in safe work practices
- Safety violations will be reported to L&I
- Alignment with our Utility Standards
- Trenching & Excavation Hazard Controls

Safety

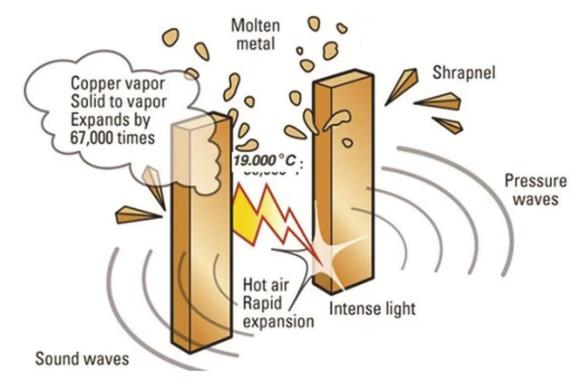


Common Violations seen by our Inspectors:

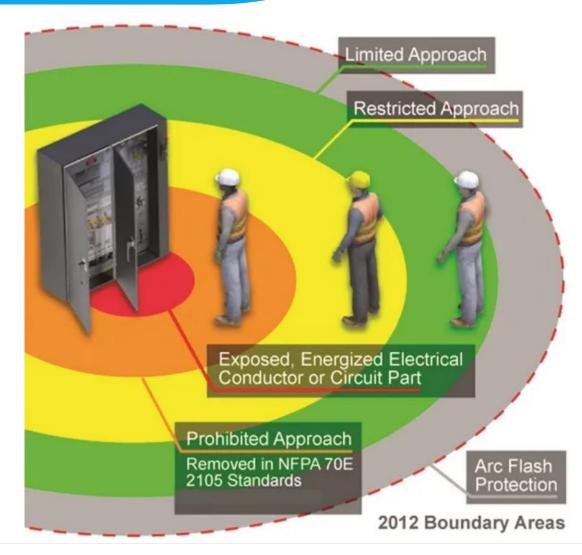
- Excavating without proper locating techniques (Dig-in)
- Cutting or windowing conduits
- Working within 10' of overhead primary lines
- Failing to verify de-energized status always treat conductors as energized
- No Contacting us to clarify hazards before proceeding

Arc Flash



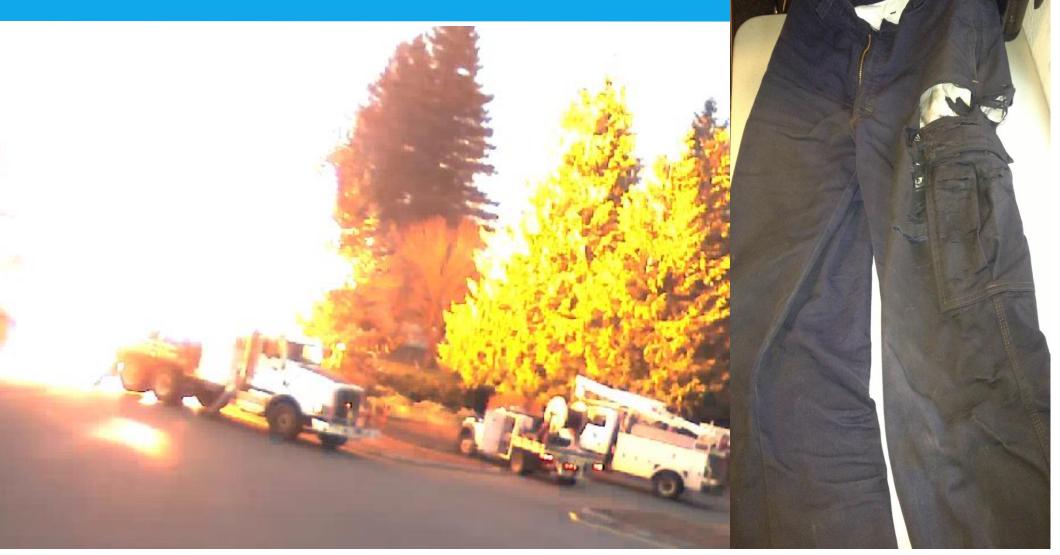


- Workers exposure during arc flash
- Identify approach zones on worksite for all workers.









Changes/Updates



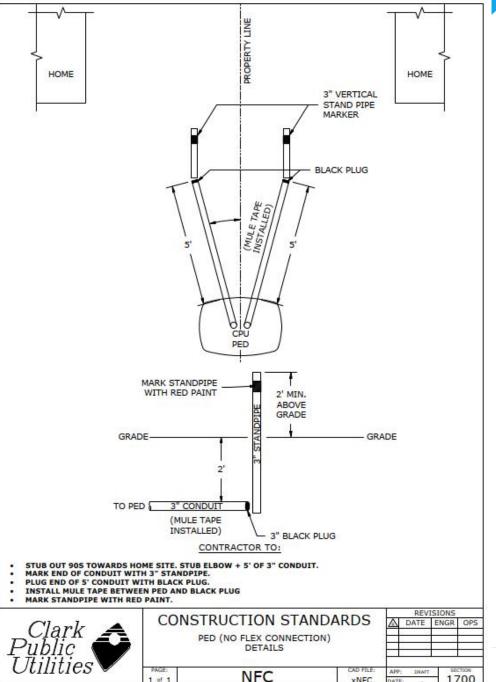
- Primary Contractor: You are responsible for your subcontractors.
- Service Line inspections: Please use the new web form to submit your request:
 - https://www.clarkpublicutilities.com/buildingremodeling/schedule-an-inspection/
 - Or contact Construction Services:
 - Construction@ClarkPUD.com, 360-992-8558

Changes/Updates

No Flex Connect Trial

- CPU would like move to hard piped connects, superior product.







Changes/Updates



Avoiding Splice Pits

- CPU is now designing jobs to avoid splice pits, due to safety and liability concerns.
- CPU designers are creating a separate job for CPU crew to install new device prior to your work starting
- You are liable for your trenches: barricade or ribbon off



Right of Way Work Permits



- Clark County and WSDOT require a pre-construction meeting in the field
- Notify both agencies 24 hours prior to start of work
- Adhere to erosion control requirements
- Have an approved traffic control plan
- Plan for timely and proper restoration
- If CPU pulled the permit (Clark County, WSDOT) these agencies will notify us with problems, and we will let you know
- The customer secures ROW permits within any city limits
- Repeat ROW problems will lead to delisting

Comments from the County



- Utility permit (PWU) is required when working within Clark County Public ROW.
- Contractor working on behalf of utility <u>must</u> have copy of permit, at all times.
- Traffic Impacts: 1 Lane impacts per WSDOT TC-1 is approved. Any other TCP's will need approval from Clark County Transportation trafficpermitrequests@clark.wa.gov

Land Use Documents



- Easements must be signed prior to starting
- ROWs must have permit in hand prior to starting
- PUEs
- These are recorded agreements that give a utility the legal right to use and access a specific area of property
- Property is still owned by customer
- Must be installed to design





Notes on Cable Reel Storage:

- Seal end of cable to prevent entry of moisture
- Leave factory protective cover on as long as possible, preferably cover if outside for long periods
- Never store reels on side
 If the CPU test shows the cable is bad,
 the contractor will replace it at the contractor's expense.





Notes on Installation/Pulling:

- Sufficient approved cable lubricant shall be used at the start and during the pull (Polywater J)
- Bends shall be clean and smooth.
- The total angles shall not exceed 270° unless approved by a CPU engineer
- Cable attachments shall either be basket/sock or pulling eye
- Never allow tension at the reels during the pull.
 - Cable should be slack going into the conduit
- Keep transformers on level ground





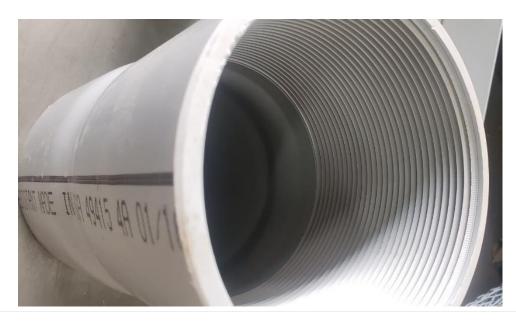
Notes on Transformer Handling:

- Keep transformers sitting upright on level ground
- Transformers should be lifted in an upright position
- All lifting lugs must be used simultaneously to provide a safe balanced lift





- Conduit installation shall be 2", 3", 4", or 6" gray polyethylene pipe, SDR ≥ 13.5
- All connections to bore pipe will be made by mechanical coupling (Raceways Technologies #S80-2PE-PVC and Raceway Technologies #S80-4PE-PVC)









Prior to starting:

- Call (360) 992-8839 to verify the design is up to date
- Any conduit plumbed into an energized device will require a CPU stand-by and WILL NOT BE TERMINATED
- Call (360) 992-8839 for a stand-by and primary inspection
- A stand-by should not last longer than two hours



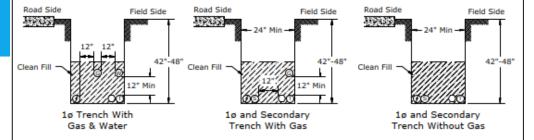


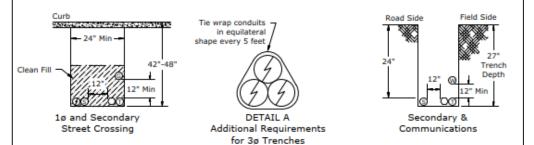
- Before you dig, call 811 and know the site location
- Trenching needs to be done by an approved contractor within all ROW's and PUE's
 - Most cases require a 42" deep trench
 - We want them 1'-3' from the driveways unless otherwise specified
 - The driveways need to be in place
 - We require a smooth trench bottom, two feet wide
 - We do not allow the use of trenchers or plows

Standard for joint trench from the Primary Electrical Contractor Handbook:

- Power towards the road
- Phone towards the field
- Gas towards the field and one foot of separation
- Wet utilities minimum 5-foot separation

The trench configurations below are shown with 1ø primary. Conduits for 2ø primary cable should lay side-by-side. Conduits for 3ø primary cable should be tie-wrapped to form an equilateral triangle (see Detail A).





Notes:

- 1. All primary and secondary power cables are in conduit.
- 2. Select backfill or controlled density fill (CDF) may be required.
- 3. Construction scrap material or trash of any kind is not allowed in any part of the trench.

Legend:

Primary Power

Telephone

Gas

Secondary Power

TV Cable

Water Service Only

© CPU Fiber (2" conduit)

Rev. 6 - Updated secondary trench depths.



CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS		REVIS		
		DATE	E	
BASIC TRENCH REQUIREMENTS	3	5/30/07	Г	
	4	12/14/09	Г	
	5	8/22/19		
DADE HEREIT HE GOLDEN	6	2/11/25		

GE:	1144	CAD FILE:	APP:	HMH/GW	SECTION
of 2	UAI	UA1	DATE:	1/22/90	1200





Conduit Installation-All power cables will be installed in conduit

Beware installations prior to 2005 were commonly direct buried, not in conduit



You are liable for your trenches: barricade or ribbon off







- All primary and secondary cables shall be in conduit
- All risers above finished grade shall be in <u>Schedule 80</u> PVC
- Acceptable conduit sizes are as follows unless otherwise specified
 - 1Ø, 1/0 primary cable in (1) 2" conduit
 - 3Ø, 1/0 primary cable in (1) 4" or (3) 2" conduits
 - Triplex secondary cable in (1) 3" conduit
 - 3Ø, 1000MCM cable in (3) 4" conduits
- All conduit terminations shall have end bells or collars
- All conduit installed for future use shall be marked and tagged



- Unused conduits shall have removable plugs designed for that purpose in both ends (need tags)
- All street and road crossings shall be at property lines
- Conduit sweeps shall be 24" secondary and 36" primary radius
- Conduits shall be installed so that cable is pulled toward the end bells to avoid scraping cable on sharp edges of conduit
- All cut ends of conduit shall be square
- Steel mandrels shall be pulled through the conduits to detect damage and debris



Joint Trench: Pass

 Straight and free of debris - Streetlight, Primary, Secondary





- Road Crossing
 - Leave ends of pipe exposed for inspection





- A bore log shall be provided to CPU via email to: Ops@clarkpud.com at time of trench/conduit inspection request
- The depth of the conduit shall be identified by a stake with the depth every 10 feet along the route in unpaved areas and by the depth written in marker paint every 10 feet along the route in paved areas
- All installed conduits shall be "proofed" using the appropriate mandrel, and have a 2500 pound, ¾" sequentially-numbered, continuous "mule tape" installed
- CPU reserves the option to require "potholing" to determine depth and location for any installations that are questionable
- Required "potholing" will be at the contractor's expense



Setting Single-Phase Transformers

(Conduit Trees)

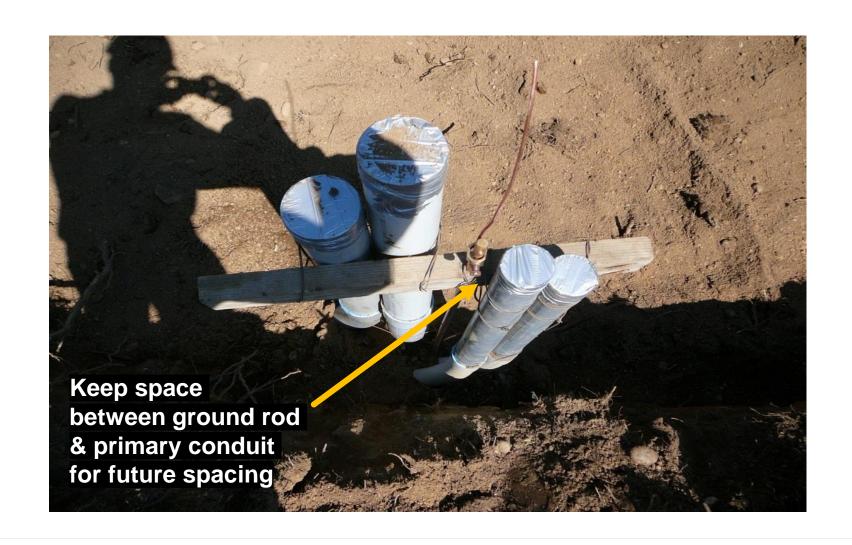
Single-Phase Transformers





- Tree up conduit with Makeup Board
- Make sure they are <u>exactly</u> where the print stakes them
- If there is a concern over placement of any equipment, contact the designer to address BEFORE continuing with the install







- After completion of trench and conduit:
 - Call (360) 992-8839 for a primary inspection
 - Any conduit plumbed into an energized device will require a CPU stand-by and WILL NOT BE TERMINATED
 - Call (360) 992-8839 for a stand-by and primary inspection
 - A stand-by should not last longer than two hours



- Evenly distribute backfill around tree to support installation and not push pipe over
- Cover ends of pipe to keep debris from entering conduit





- Square the trees with the direction the transformer should face
- Compact fill evenly around the conduits





- 5/8" Minus Rock fill minimum 1-1/2 yards
- Soil conditions may require additional fill





- Remove Makeup Board and compact properly
- Cut conduit and drive ground rod flush





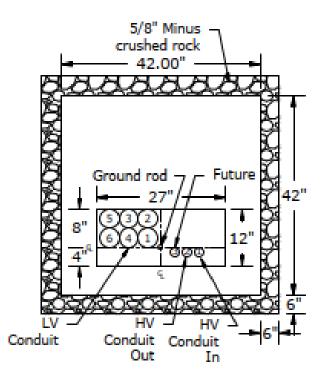


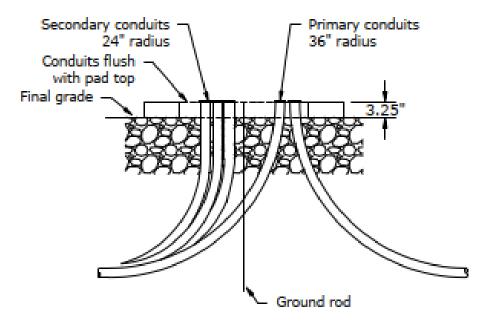
- Soil conditions may require additional fill





- 25 to 75 kVA Pad Standard
- 100 kVA pad looks the same but is larger





25-75 KVA PAD PLAN VIEW

FRONT VIEW

1Ø PADMOUNT TRANSFORMER CONDUIT ORIENTATION (25-75 KVA)



Set Transformer on the level pad



Spreader bar is required to avoid door damage





- Pack the sides of the pad with rock
- Extra compaction at the rear of the transformer to compensate for settle





- Check for centering on the pad
- Check both the outside of the pad and the inside opening





Uneven grade calls for a hillside barrier

Water boxes are NOT allowed in front of transformers!





- Remove picking bolts after transformer is set
- Hillside barrier with pedestal behind





Subdivision and Apartment Conduit & Transformer Set



Conduit trees will be on the lot line



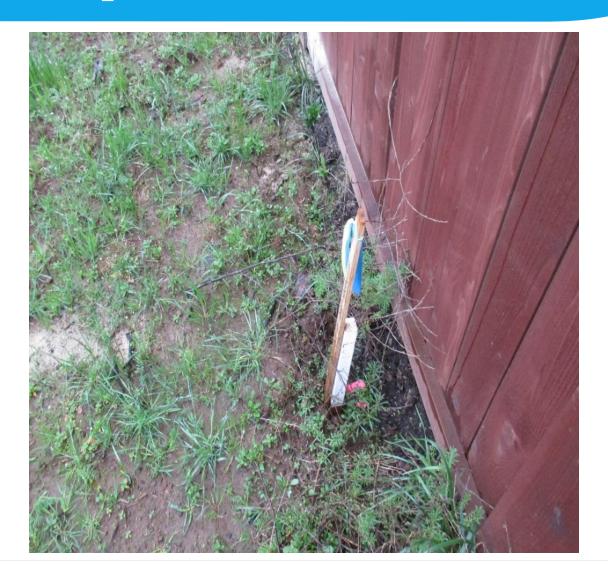


Lot numbers shall be clearly marked





Rear lot lines shall be clearly marked.





ConduitInspection:Pass





- ConduitInspection
- Maintain separation from other utilities





- Primary in on the right
- Primary out on the left





Minimum 1-1/2 yards gravel under the transformer pad







Compact the gravel, so the transformer does not settle crooked





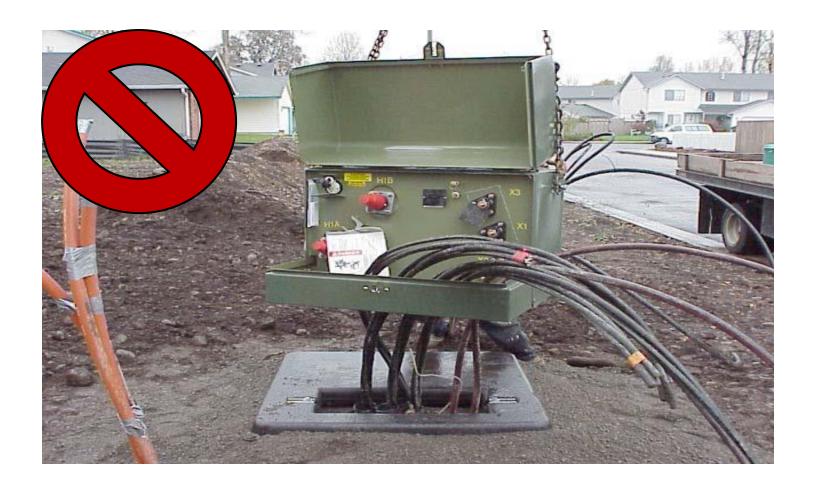


- Remove makeup board
- Out conduit flush with the pad
- Add end bells/collars
- Level and orientate pad square with the road
- Pack sides of pad with rock





- Do not leave cable exposed. Theft is common.
- Pulling cable before transformer is set is not allowed
- Use a 90 to clear out conduit and ensure equipment is clean





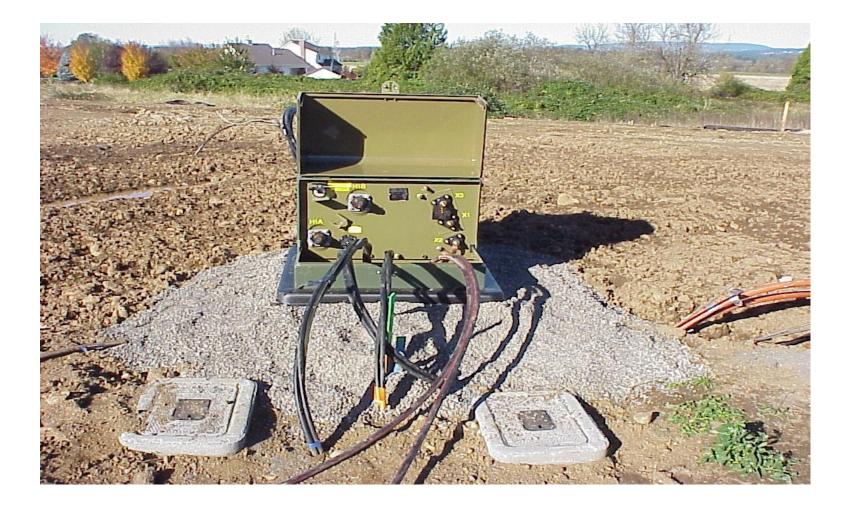
- Transformer set complete
- Streetlight next to it
- Lock indicates energized but don't assume





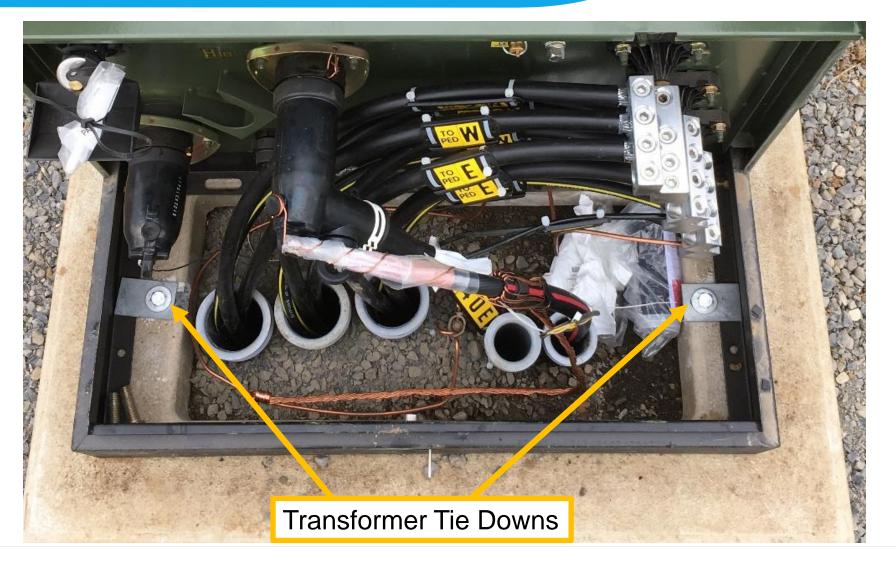


- Transformer set
- Install conduit end bells/collars
- Pull cable





- Conduit Orientation
- Install transformer tie down on both sides



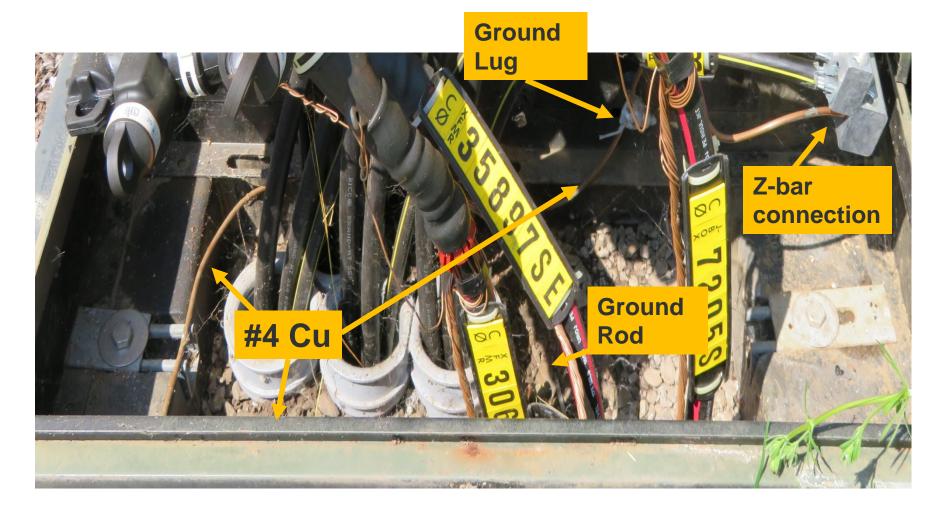


- Install z-bars (pal nuts)
- Angle each slightly for easy tool access
- Tighten down both the nut on the backside and the lug



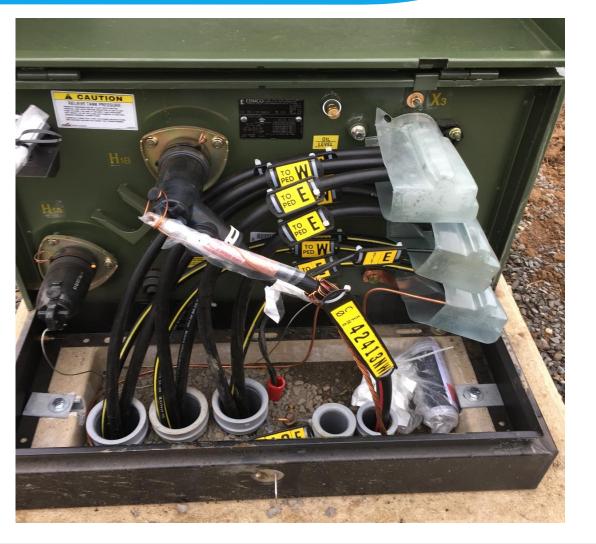


- Install transformer ground lug
- Install #4 Cu solid soft drawn
- Ground wire, around the outside of pad, to the transformer ground lug, to the z-bar



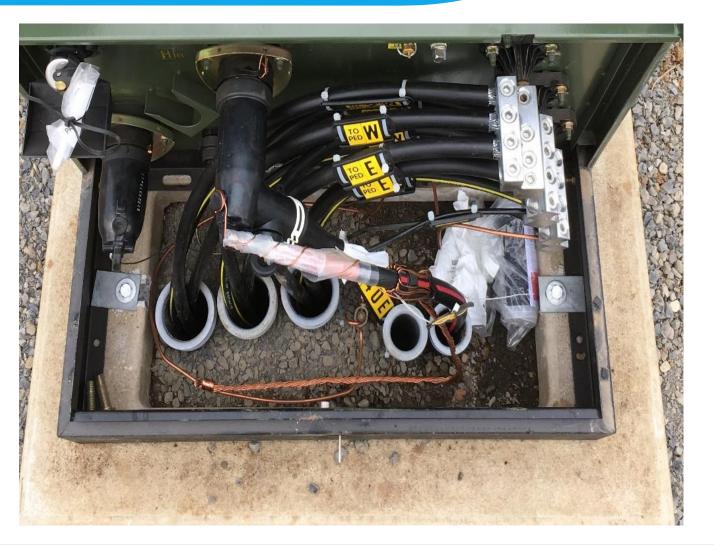


- Train cables to their appropriate positions
- Working one service at a time will help prevent cross phase





- Cut to length and skin insulation
- Out 90 degrees
- Only skin minimal amount
- Leave slack in the cable



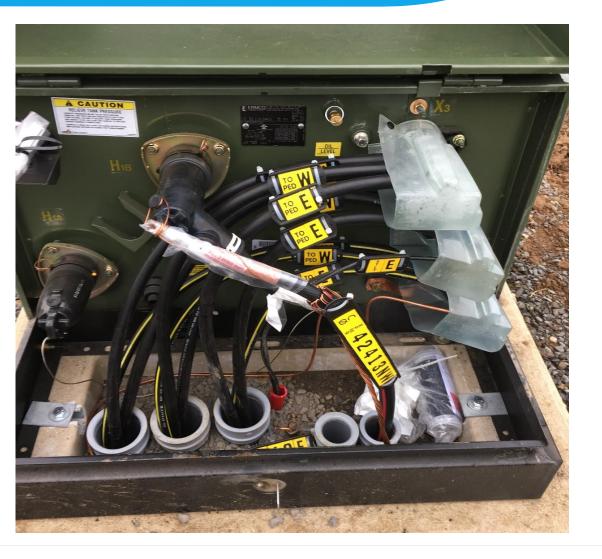


- Use Penatrox if not already in z-bar
- Connect to z-bar, wiggle the wire as you tighten, hold the z-bar to support
- Tag to location (cow tags for temporary service only)





- Start with one service
- Finish service then move on
- Work from the inside out
- Use the top of the z-bar
- Keep the cable uniform
- Tags should be visible





- Attach tagging to every cable
- Install z-bar insulated covers

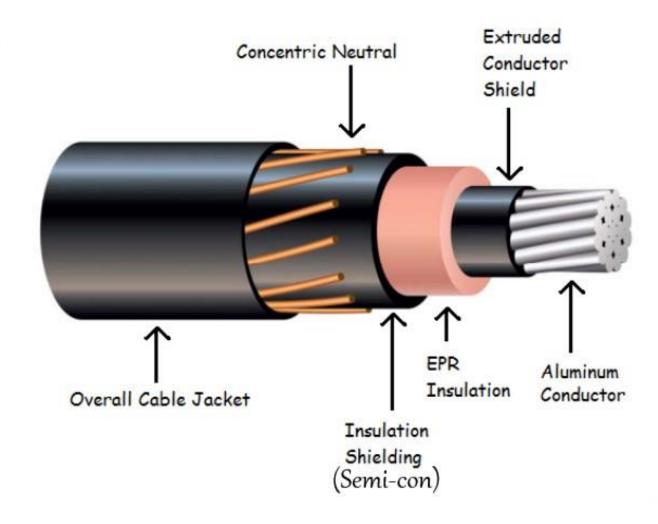




Primary Termination in Transformer



Layers of a primary cable





- The directions have step-by-step instructions
- The same manufacturer can have different measurements from year-to-year
- Ensure your tools are calibrated correctly

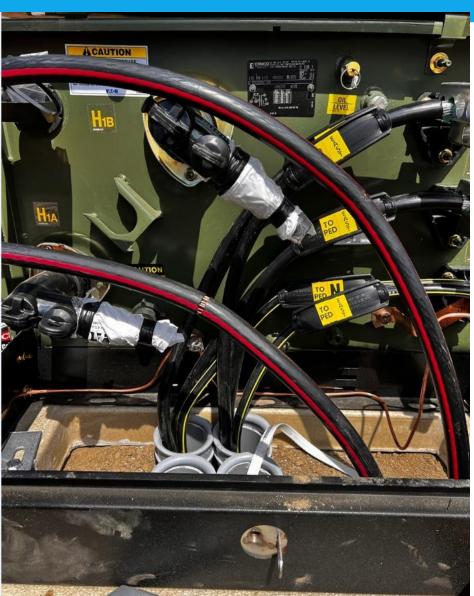


Train the Conductor with slack



Clark Public Utilities

- Get your
 measurement from
 manufacturer's
 instructions
- Score the jacket down from the center of the transformer bushing



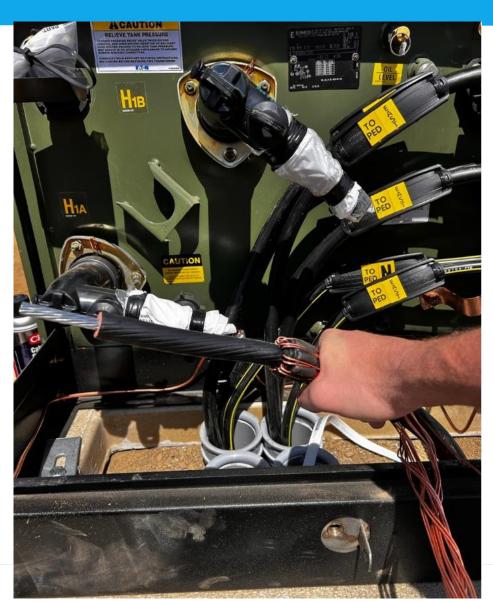


- ✓ Pull bleeder wire down to the score mark
- ✓ Keep it separate from other concentric



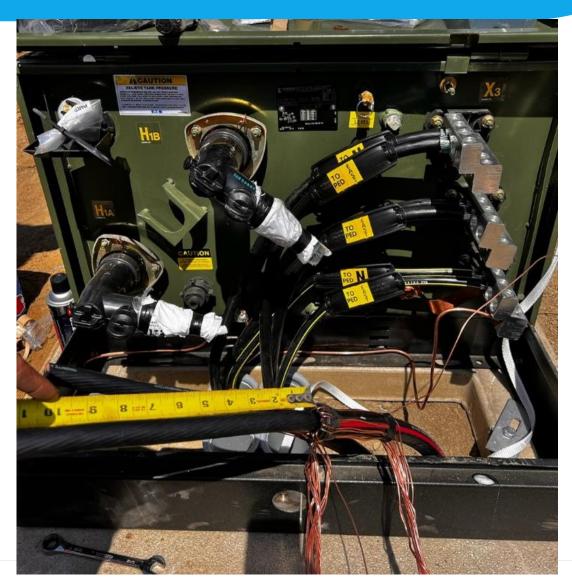


Remove cable jacket





Follow manufacturer's measurement from the concentric





Out the conductor



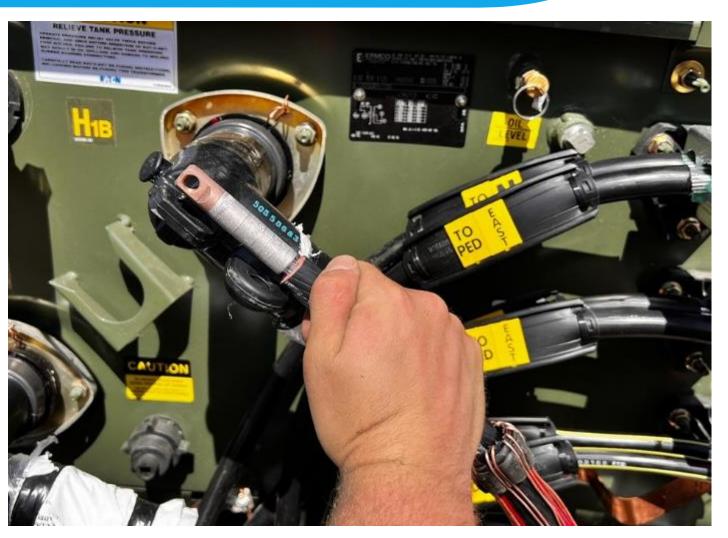
Clark Public Utilities

- Use manufacturer's measurement from the end of the cable
- Remove insulation





- Apply linket
- Align to the bushing





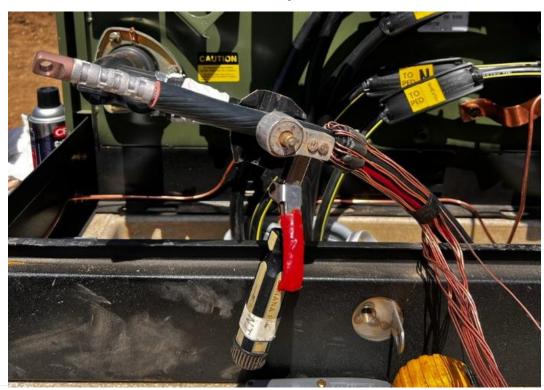
- Press linket
- Rotate every press 90 degrees
- Use a MD-6 press with BG dies

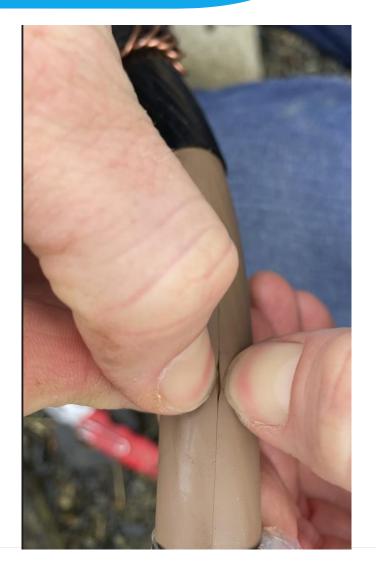






- Use appropriate tools to score semi-con
 - Banana peeler / Clamshell
 - Calibrate Wire Make-up tools







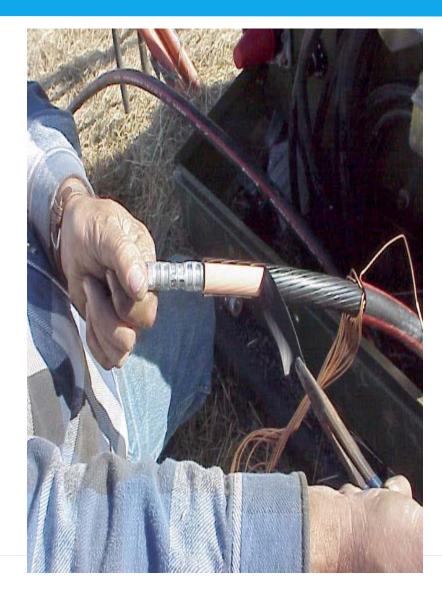


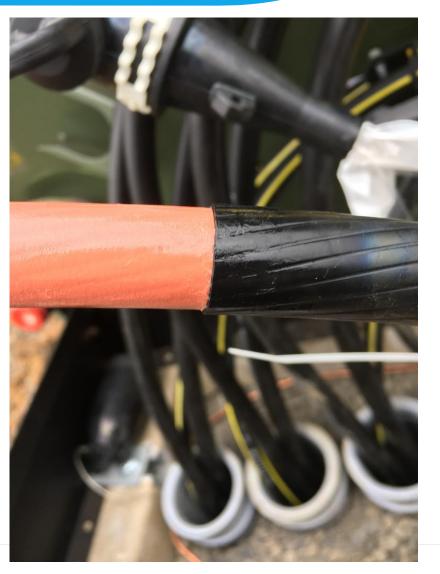
- Measure from the end of the lug per manufacturer's instructions
- Mark the semi-con





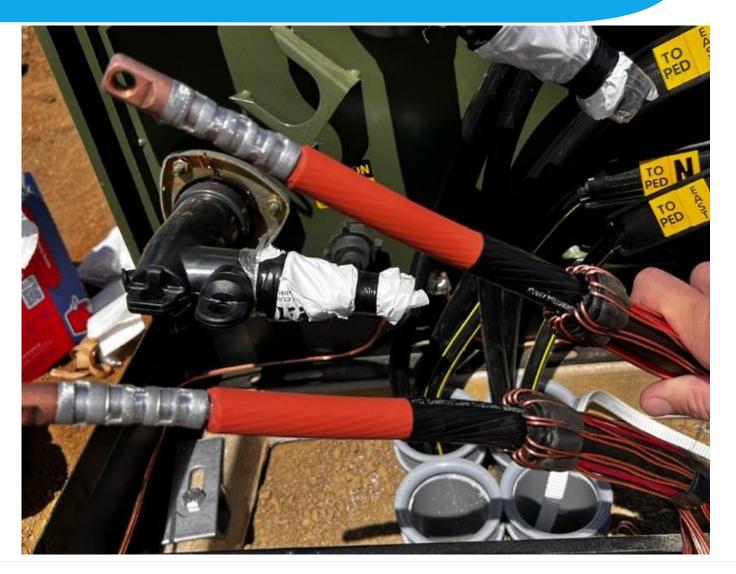
Peel the semi-con







Check for nicks or cuts in the insulation



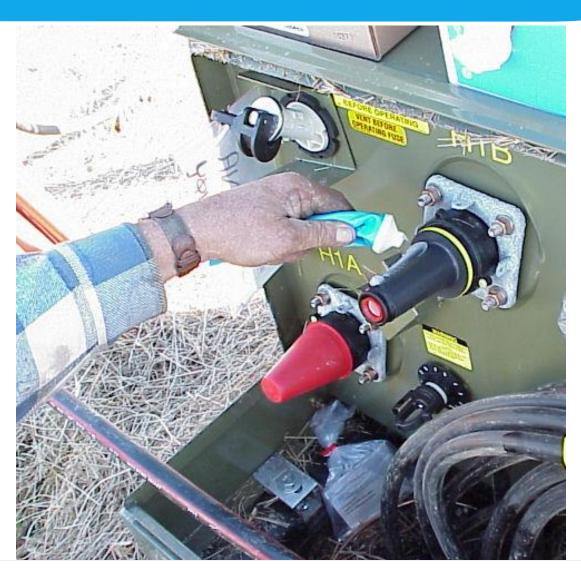


- Nicks and scores ruin the insulation
- Use calibrated tools to avoid scoring insulation
- If nicked or cut, it needs to be replaced at the contractor's expense



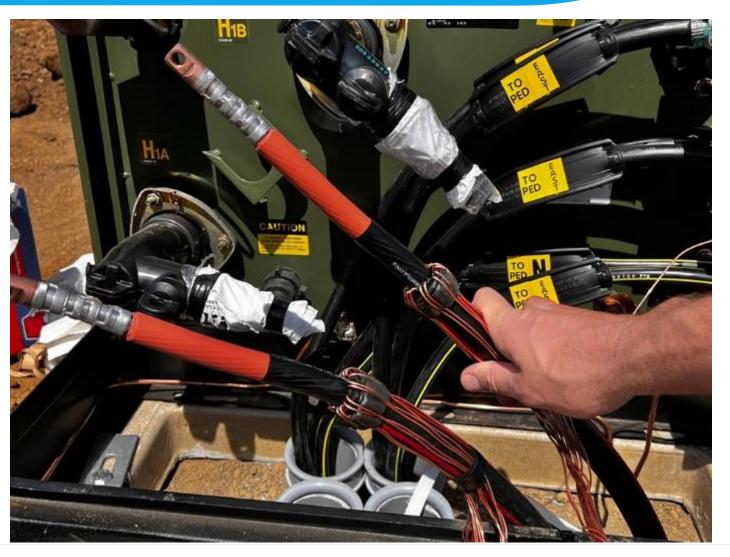


Clean and lubricate the bushing



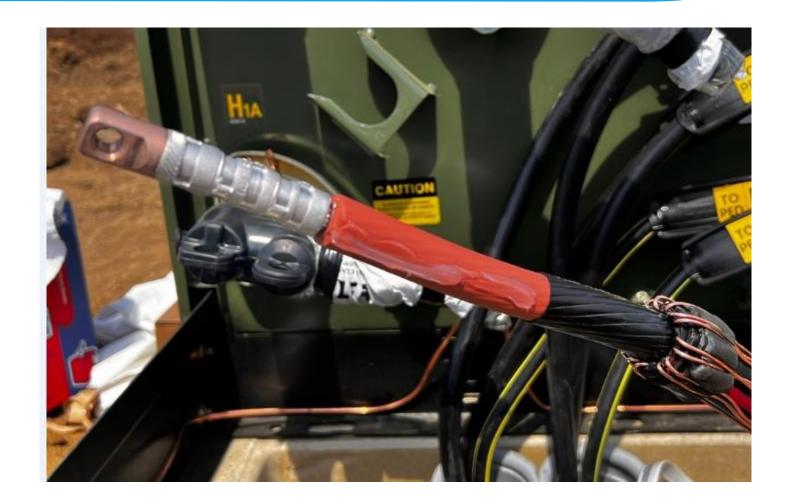


- Apply only the inside mastic
- Fold the concentric back evenly
- Apply tape 2" down from the mastic



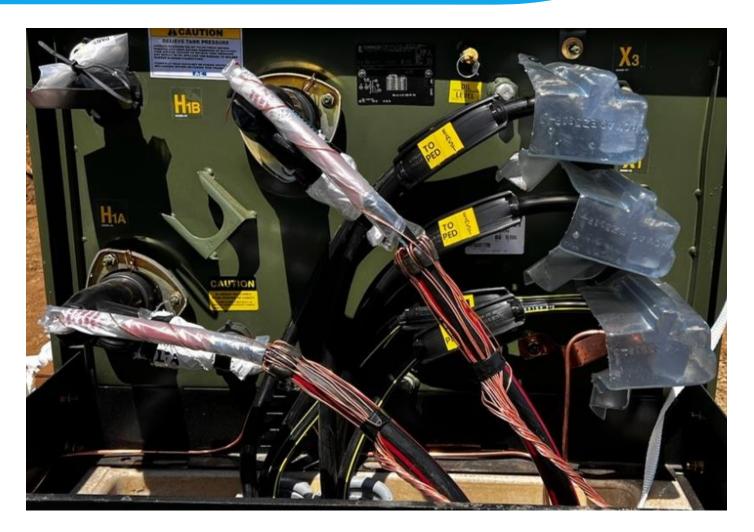


Clean and lubricate the insulation





- Use a clear bag so inspectors do not need to remove for inspection
- Put a bag on the termination
- Wrap with the bleeder wire around the bag and through the lug
- Do not wrap bleeder too tight or excessively





Ohange to Integral Jacket Seal Elbow:



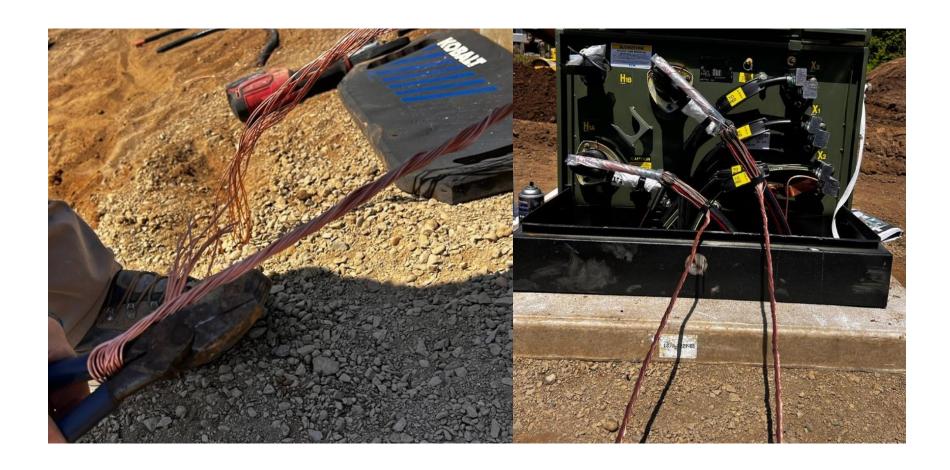
- One piece to buy (CPU Preferred)



Two pieces to buy (If unable to get integral jacket seal elbows)

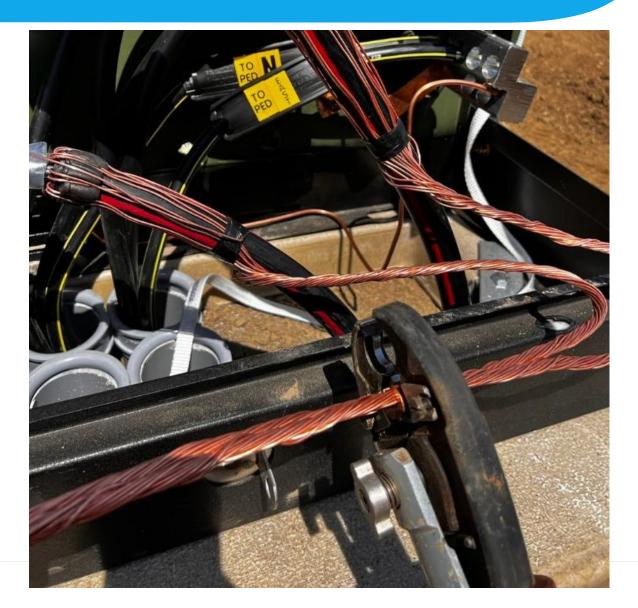


- Separate the bleeder wire
- Twist up the neutral
- DO NOT install the elbow on the wire



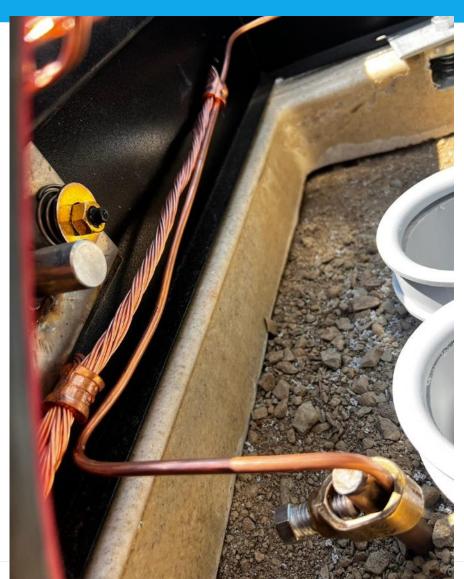


Press the neutrals together



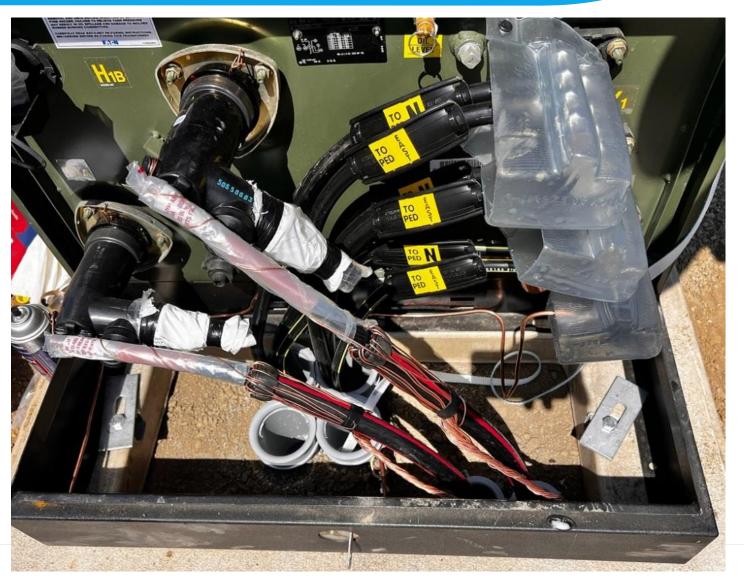


Press neutral to the ground wire





Piggyback the termination on the elbow





Proper makeup





Transformer Info, Numbers, Warning/Danger Labels & Cable Tagging



Please pay close attention to the catalog number when purchasing elbows. All elbows need to come with a test point

NEW IT	EMS & CHANGES ARE ITALICIZED AND BOLD*	CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES - APPROVED MATERIAL LIST					
CPU	APPROVED MANUFACTURERS/PART NUMBER(S)						
этоск	BEAGRIPTION		SUPPLIER		SUPPLIER		SUPPLIER
NO.	DESCRIPTION		CODE		CODE		CODE
557	COUPLING, CONDUIT, 3 IN PVC SXS, DEEP SOCKET	RIDGELINE 40SWC30	1,2,3,11,16,18	ATKORE / HERITAGE 40SWC30	3,11,16,18		
2316	COUPLING, REDUCER, PVC 3" TO 2", SCH 40	BELL END (UL LISTED)	1,2,3,5,10,11,16,1	8			
2336	COUPLING, REDUCER, PVC 4" TO 2", SCH 40	BELL END (UL LISTED)	1,2,3,5,10,11,16,1	8			
2266	COVER, CONNECTOR, Z-BAR, 6-POSITION	CMC ZLC-3	1,2	UTILCO PSS B-2	1,2,5,11	HOMAC EZ 5912-3	1,2 B
573	COVER, CONNECTOR, 4-350 PVC (FOR 528)	CMC NC6-350	1,2	HOMAC BB-13	1,2	ALCON CVC	1,2
574	COVER, CONNECTOR, 6-500 PVC (FOR 531)	CMC NC6-500	1,2				
2176	COVER, CONNECTOR, 6-750 PVC (FOR 2129)	CMC LDC-2	1,2,5	HOMAC, SB2163-12	1,2	POLARIS 50750HK12	2,5
2182	COVER, CONNECTOR, 8-750 FOR PET	HOMAC SB2163-3	1,2	POLARIS 50750128	2,5		
2435	COVER, FOR GROUND SLEEVE (2433)	PROGLASS LTX4238	1,11,17				
2391	ELBOW CABLE SEALING 1/0 URD, 175 MIL INSUL	3M 8452	1,2,3,5,11,16,18				
2391B	ELBOW CABLE SEALING 1/0 URD, 175 MIL INSUL	RAYCHEM RVS-13-SK	1,2,11,16,18				
1312	ELBOW LB 1/0, 200A, 175/220 MIL INSUL	EATON #LEJ215AB06TY	2,5,11,16,18	ABB (Elastimold) #162LRJS-B5240	1,2,18	HUBBELL 215LEJ45T	1,2
	ELBOW LB 1/0, 200A, 175/220 MIL INSUL W/O JACKET						
I	SEAL - **MUST BE PURCHASED W/ STK# 2391 OR				1	HUBBELL 215LE45TJ	
_	STK# 2391B** APPROVED FOR AN "AS NEEDED"	EATON #LE215AB06TY		ABB (Elastimold) #162LR-B5240-S		**Must purchase with Stk# 2391 or	
N/A	SUBSTITUTION FOR STK#1312 IF UNAVAILABLE.	**Must purchase with Stk# 2391 or 2391B	2,5,11,16,18	**Cold Shrink is included	1,2,18	2391B	1,2
4.00 E 10 ON DIO 01 00 DEC 001 DADILIO COLLAG. (4) DELL'END (1) LIOTED). 4.00 E 40 44 40 40							

Transformer Numbering



- Contact Construction Services (<u>construction@clarkpud.com</u>) for Transformer numbers. In the email, please include:
 - The Work Request (job) number
 - The specific sticker numbers needed
 - The contact information of who will be picking them up
- Apply the correct number to the top left corner
- See Underground Transformers and Clearances - Section 1400 – UID1 of the Primary Electrical Contractor Handbook for examples



Transformer WARNING Labels



- Contact Construction Services (<u>construction@clarkpud.com</u>) for WARNING labels
- Apply to the front of transformers



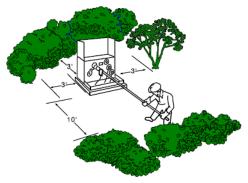
AWARNING



Hazardous voltage inside. Will shock, burn, or cause death.

If unlocked or open Immediately call Clark Public Utilities 360-992-3000.

NOTICE

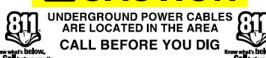


We need room to work safely on this electrical supply device.

Please keep shrubs and structures 10 ft. away from this side and 3 ft. from all other sides.

Obstructions cause delays when restoring electric service and will be removed at the owner's expense.

ACAUTION



Transformer DANGER Labels



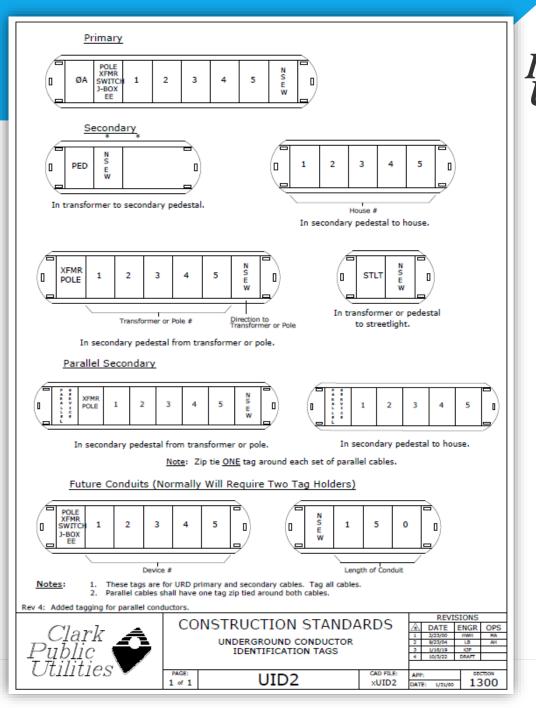
- Contact Construction Services (<u>construction@clarkpud.com</u>) for DANGER labels
- Apply to the inside lid of transformers



Cable Tagging

- We require hard tagging of cables
- Tagging materials are on the Approved Material List









- After completion of Cable and Makeup:
 - Call 992-8839 for a standby and primary inspection
 - Any cable plumbed into an energized device will require a CPU stand-by and WILL NOT BE TERMINATED
 - A stand-by should not last longer than two hours

Approved Primary Electrical Installation

Part 2

Contractor Training Class 2025





Secondary Pedestal

Secondary Pedestal



- Tree up pipe
- Make sure it's in the exact location the print calls for





Grade Pedestal to the grade line







- Grade only to the grade line on the outside
- Do <u>NOT</u> fill the inside
- Start with source cable in the second hole from back and go forward with load(s)



Be careful when backfilling



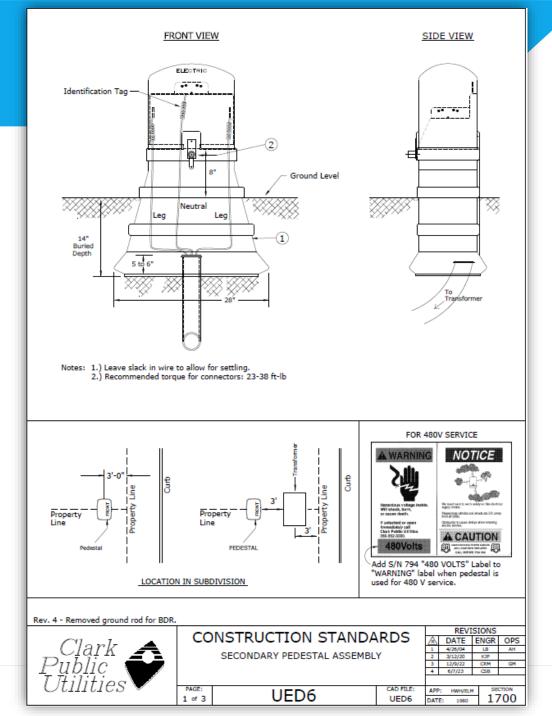


Flush mount Ped (17" x 30") Make-up



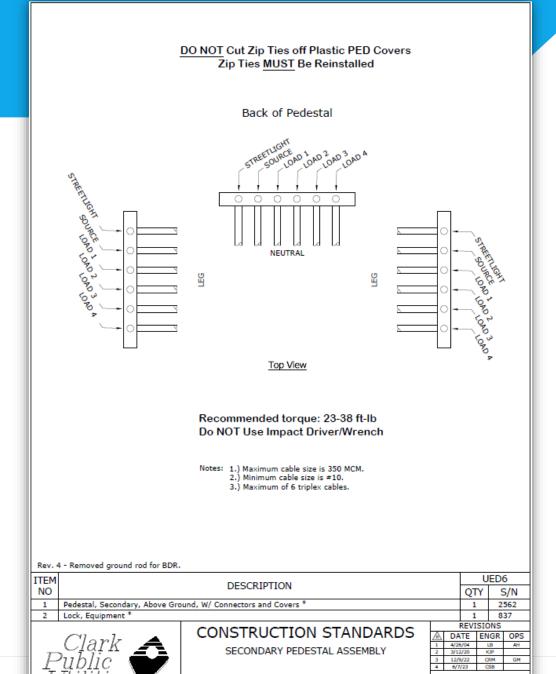
Can't Shut

- Bury 14", grade should be 8"
 down from the lock
- Set pedestal directly behind transformer
- Set on the property line
- Installed 3 feet behind transformer
- Be aware of grade to panel





- Follow cable placement
- Do <u>NOT</u> use an impact driver/wrench to tighten connectors
- Connectors sized #10 to 350MCM



UED6

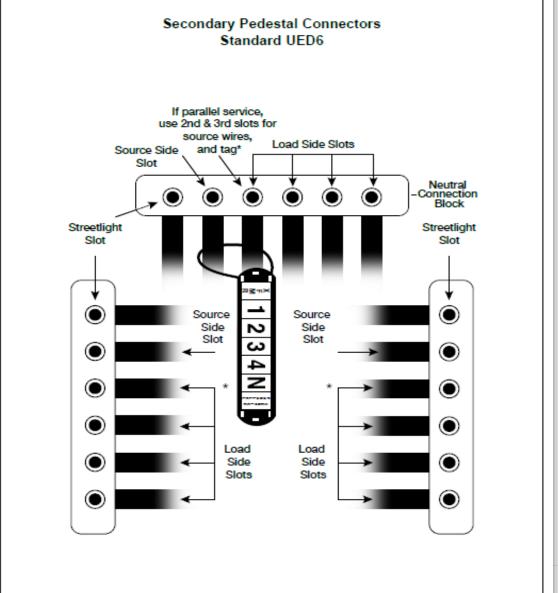
UED6



- Tag parallel cables
 with one tag
- Tag each leg individually

Clark Public Utilities

Secondary Pedestal and Tagging Installation Detail







Meters

Meters



Ensure secondary is ready for our crews

Manufacturers like to include the meter rings inside the meter base. Please remove and discard as we will use our own.

Ensure secondary connections are tight



Meters





Meter Pack



- Meter Packs must be labeled with hard plastic, metal or phenolic block labels with raised or engraved letters
- An address/building number label is required for the building's main disconnect label
- A permanent label is required at the meter base, corresponding breaker, electrical panel and building (HOUSE) meter
- Minimum of ½-inch height letters are required for all metering equipment labels
- On Clark Public Utilities website

Meter Pack



540 S ROYLE RD Address label BLDG C



HOUSE PANEL

Building meter labeled 'HOUSE'

Disconnect required if more than 6 meters

C117

Adjacent meter

Meter Pack



•You must have permanent meter equipment labeling and an electrical inspection before CPU will energize the meter base and set meters





City Streetlight Ownership & Maintenance



- Not Maintained by CPU Vancouver/Camas
 - All street lights are owned and maintained by the Cities of Camas and Vancouver
 - Most lights are direct feed off CPU's system
 - UG streetlight wire is maintained by CPU, the fixtures and poles are city maintained
 - New installations require a disconnect, installed to the NEC, and the City owns and maintains all equipment
- Maintained by CPU All Other Cities (Battle Ground/Ridgefield/La Center/Yacolt/Washougal)
 - All street lights owned by the Cities
 - Street lights directly fed off CPU's system are maintained by CPU
 - All direct feeds owned and maintained by CPU
 - Newly installed street lights are directly sourced by CPU



 Streetlight standards must be positioned according to the design print





- Example of a streetlight conduit that is treed up
- Notice this ditch has been partially back filled and the gas line is installed





- Position the light to the correct spot
- Backfill around the base





Compact around the base as you backfill





Backfill to the final grade





- Install the Light and Arm
- Run the wire from the light down to the base of the standard



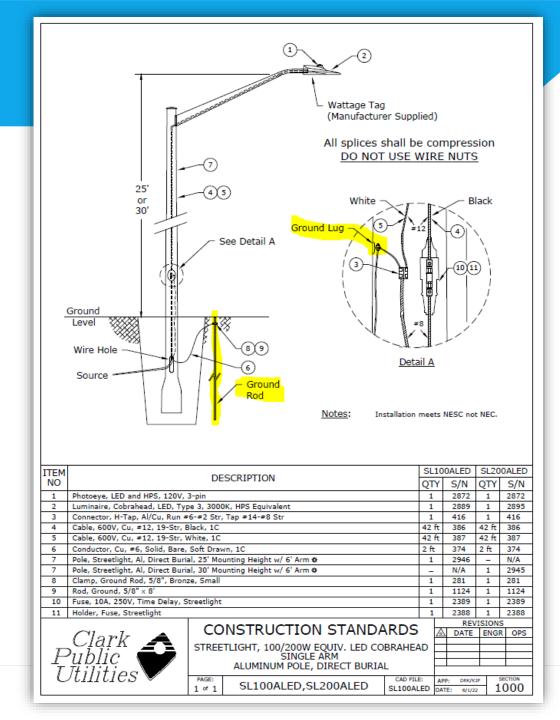


- Make the neutral connection
- Make the phase connection using a fuse
- Attach the hand hold cover plate



Streetlights Aluminum Poles

- Aluminum poles require ground rod
- Run #6 Cu from ground lug in pole to ground rod







- Example of a decorative streetlight standard
- Notice the base is flush to the ground





An example of a finished streetlight installation







- Primary conduit treed up
- Attach it to a make up board





- Bring in the secondary pipe and attach it to the board
- Primary will be on the left and secondary will be on the right



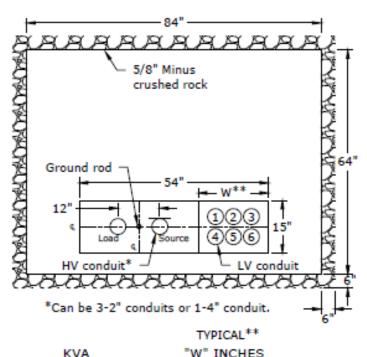


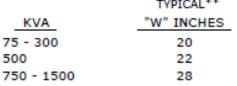
- Remove tree bracket and begin to backfill
- Backfill under concrete pads must be 5/8" rock
- Plug the end of the pipe





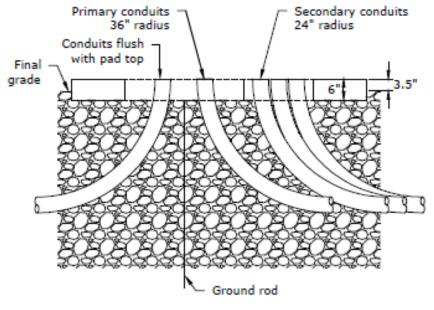
- Diagram of a 3phase transformer layout
- Primary source on the right and the load is on the left





**Varies by manufacturer

PLAN VIEW



FRONT VIEW



- After grade is established, install the concrete pad
- Cut the conduit flush with the pad
- Install conduit end bells/collars





- Install the transformer
- Make sure it is square on the pad



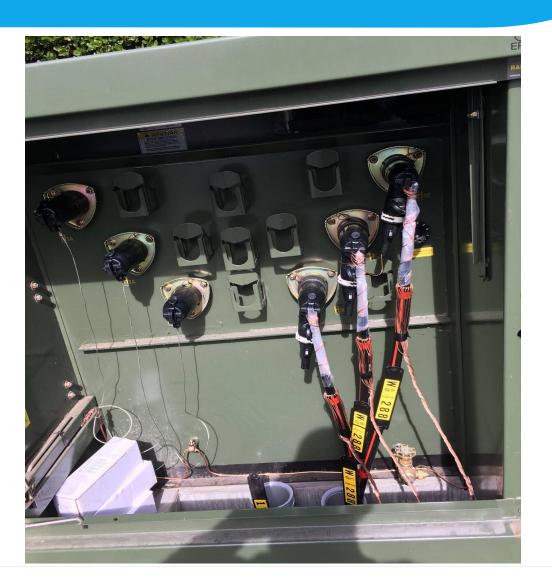


- Example of a secondary compartment
- CPU prefers conduit plugs instead of duct tape



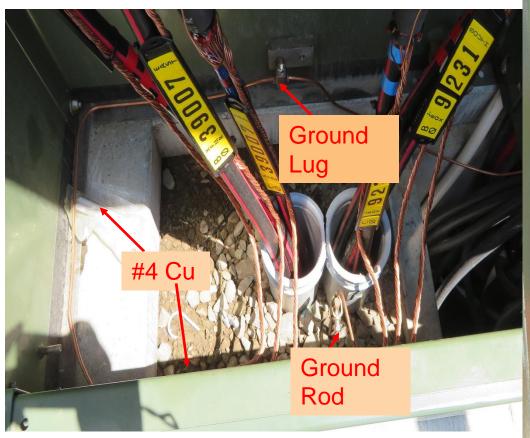


- Proper make up of radial three phase transformer
- The phasing will be left to right: A,B,C,C,B,A





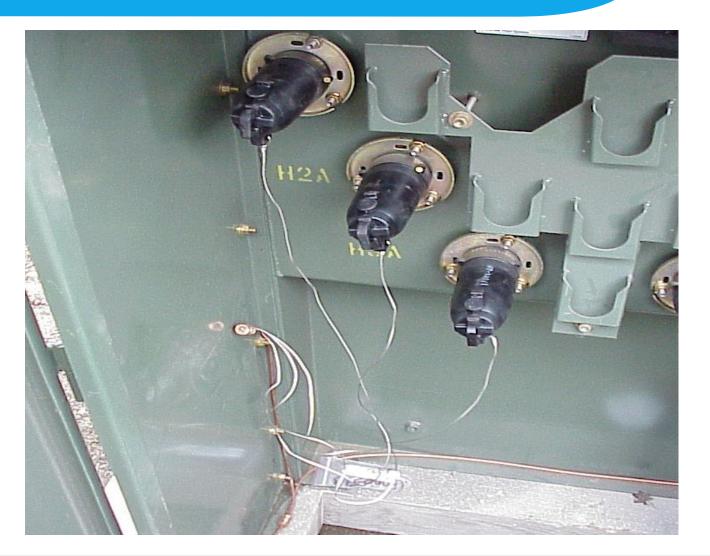
from the ground rod, around the cabinet to the ground lug, then to the secondary neutral bus





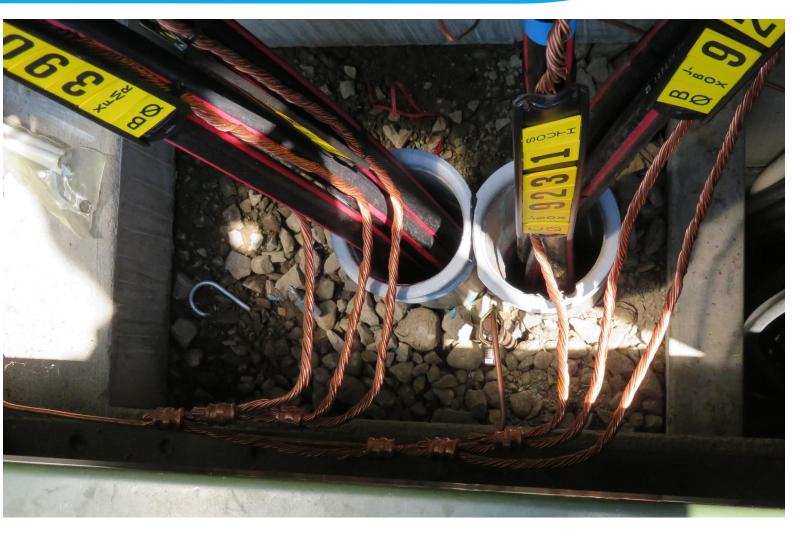


 Stub up a tail to connect the dust cover bleeder wires

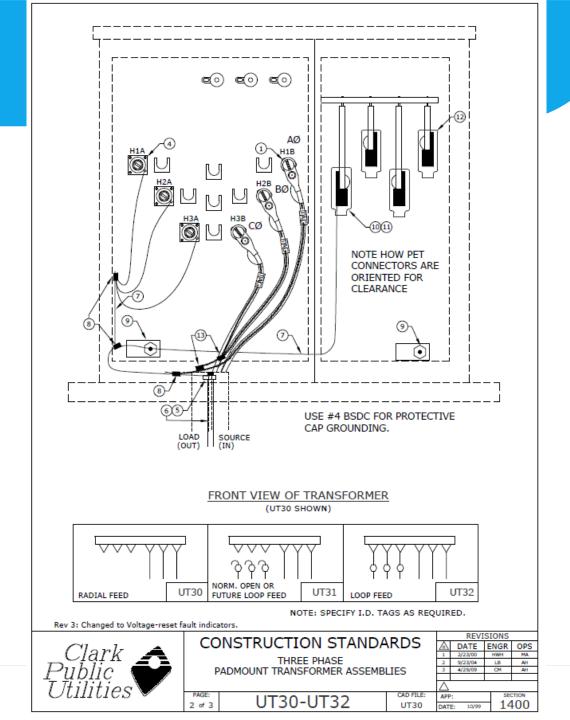




multiple primary neutrals, piggyback the concentric, then connect to the ground wire

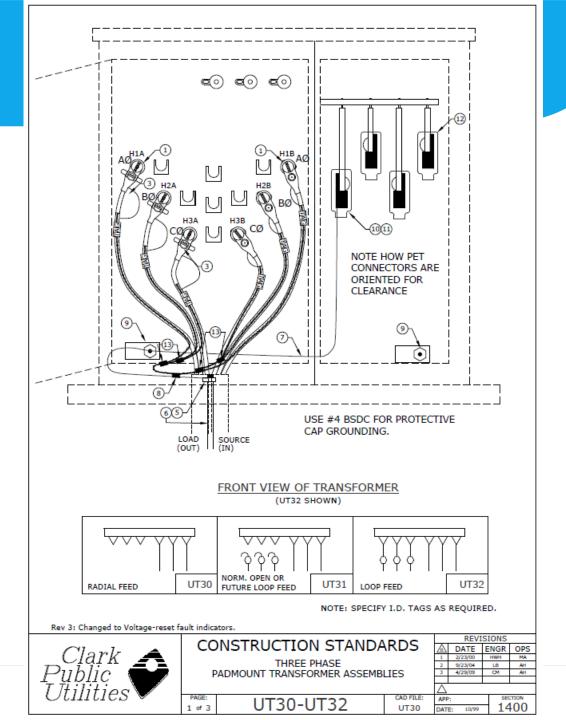


- This Std UT30radial
- The phase labeling must align
- Make sure to tape Red, White, Blue – A,B,C (Extremely Important)





- This Std UT33– feed-thru
- The phase labeling must align
- ✓ Make sure to tape Red,
 White, Blue A,B,C
 (Extremely Important)





- This is a picture of a feed-thru primary
- The load side has fault indicators





- This is a picture of a 208v secondary make up
- Cut a hole in the covers for the support





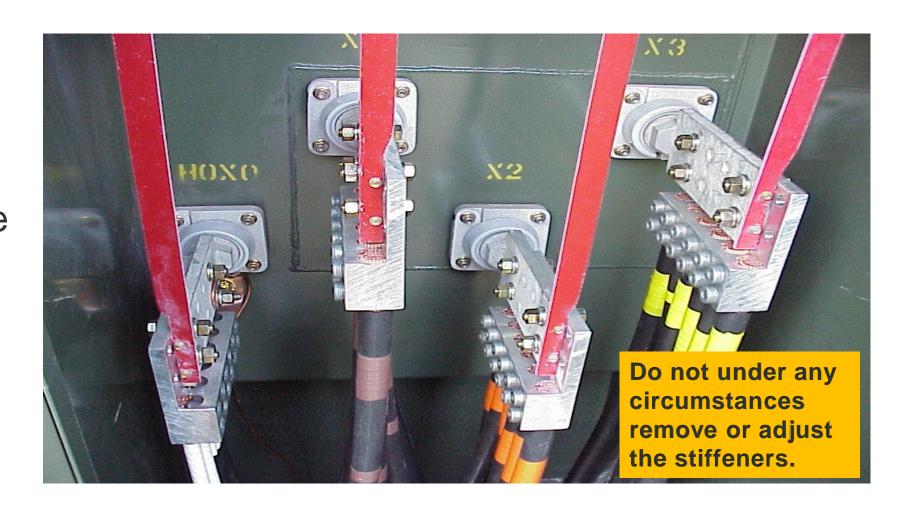


- ✓ This is a picture of 480v secondary make up
- It is taped whiteneutral, brown-x1, orange-x2, yellow-x3 (BOY)
- Needs hard tagging





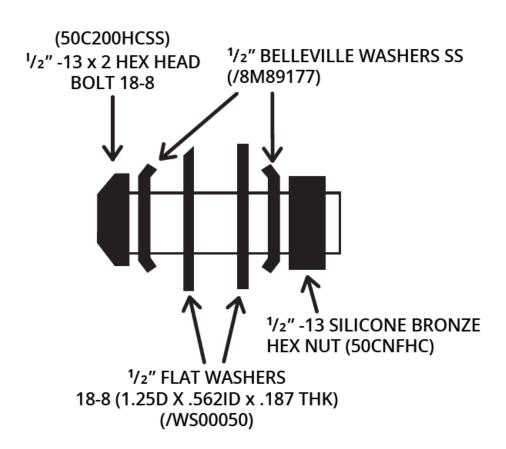
- PETs will be attached
- Stiffener
 brackets will be
 installed on ≥
 500kVA
- Every connection will have Penetrox





This is an example of the stainless-steel bolt assembly required to attach PETs

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE





- Install insulated coverings
- ✓ If stiffeners are installed, cut hole in the cover prior to installation <u>DO NOT ADJUST OR REMOVE STIFFENERS</u>





- Example of a level transformer with good grading
- Notice the CPU Transformer #, warning label and voltage stickers



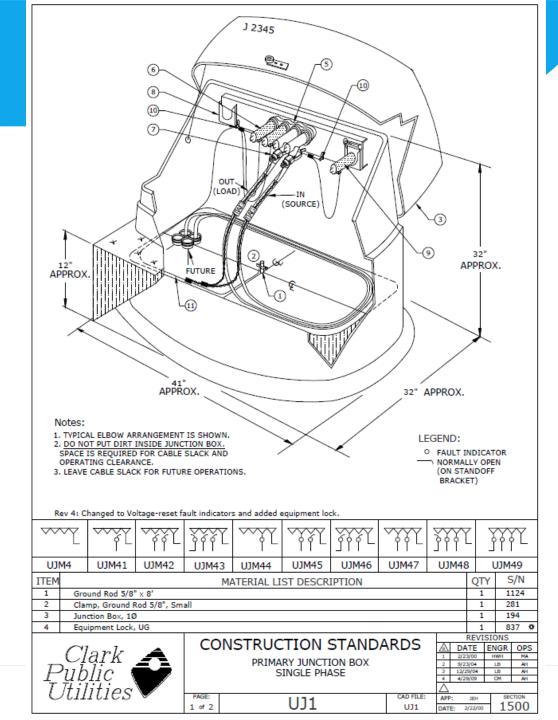


- Removable protective barriers need to be installed where there is traffic near a transformer
- Transformersecondary vault



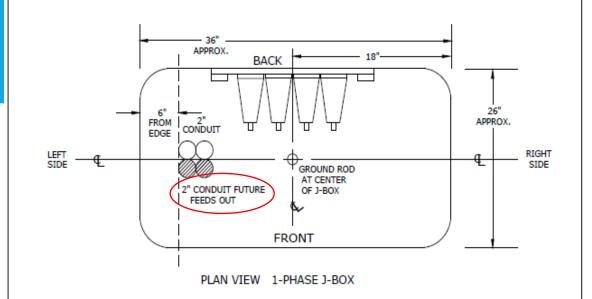


Construction standard for single phase J-box





Construction standard for a single-phase J-box, vertical view





Rev 4: Changed to Voltage-reset fault indicators and added equipment lock.



CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

PRIMARY JUNCTION BOX SINGLE PHASE

2 of 2

UJ1

REVISIONS DATE ENGR OPS 9/23/04 4/29/09

UJ1

1500

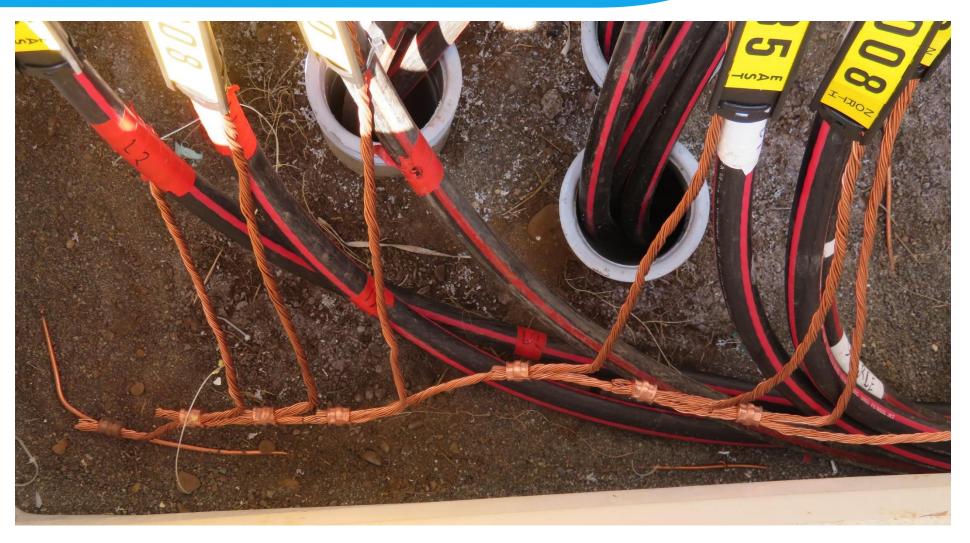


- Make sure to 5 star the lid closed before backfilling
- Backfill with gravel
- Pull in extra cable for make up





- Piggyback the Concentrics
- Attach the ground wire



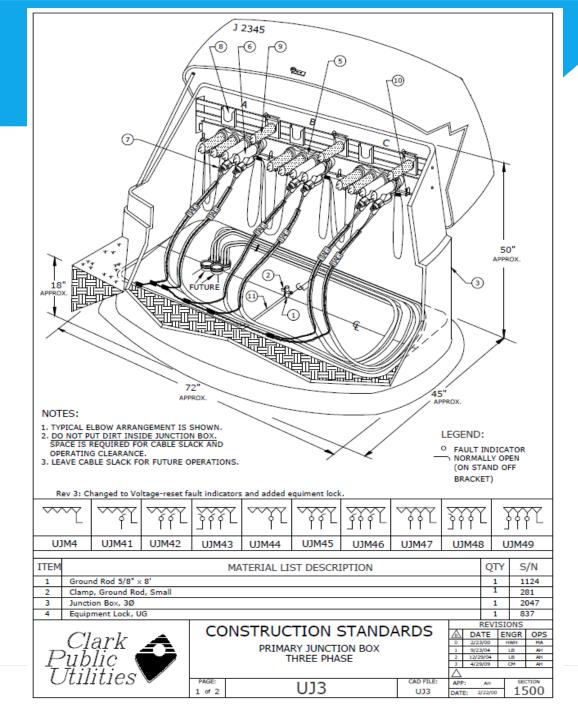


- Grade to the ground line
- Install the number stickers



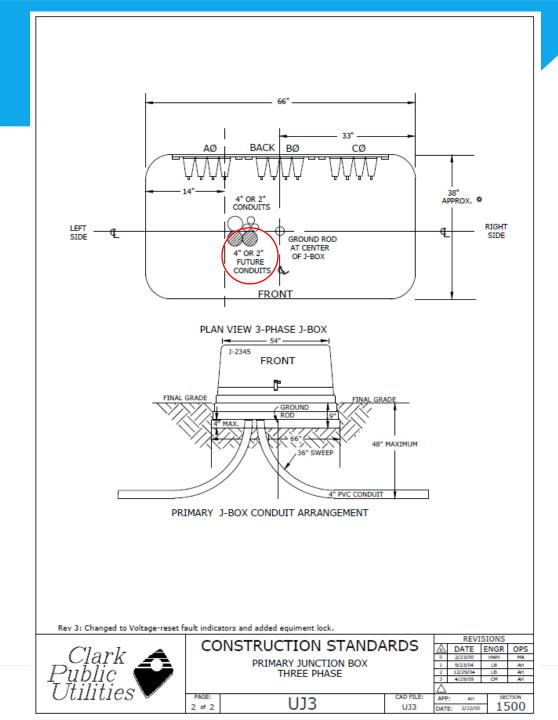


Construction standard for a three phase J-box





Construction
 standard for a
 three phase J-box
 vertical view







- Terminate, tape and hard tag the cable
- The source will be on the right
- The load will follow the source from right to left
- Phasing is ABC, left to right



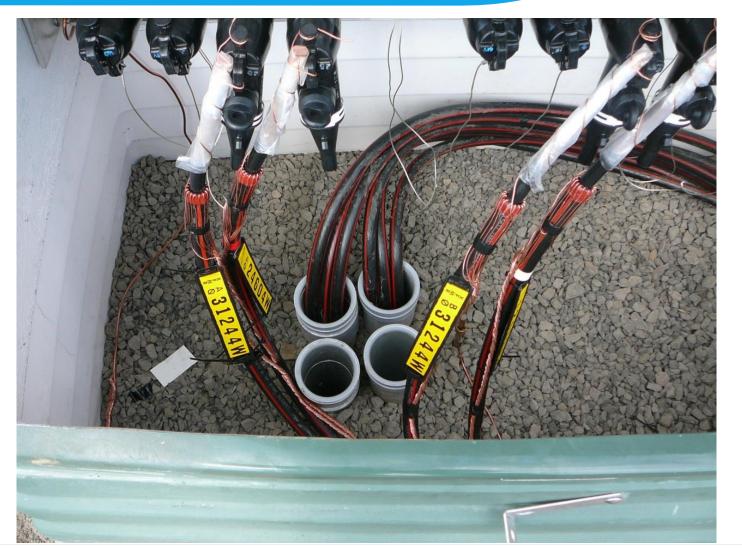


 Attach the dust cover bleeder wires to the ground wire





Roll the wire out of the conduit





Example of a good makeup



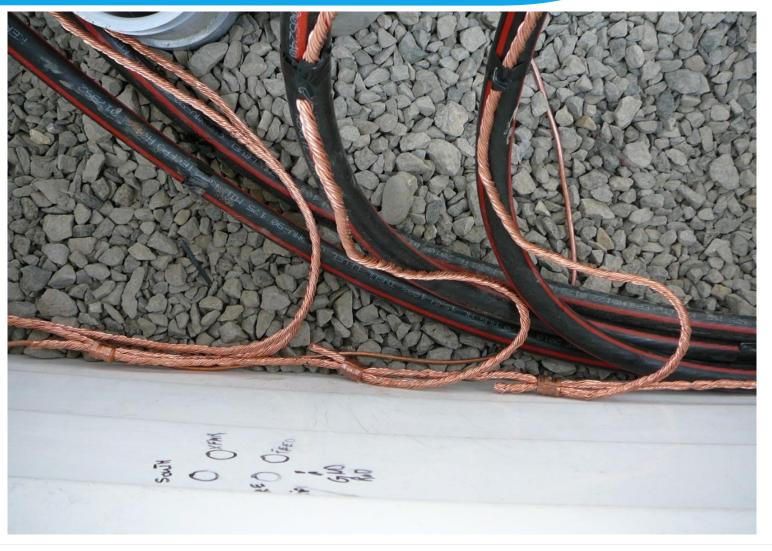


Keep the neutrals in front of the wire and organized with slack



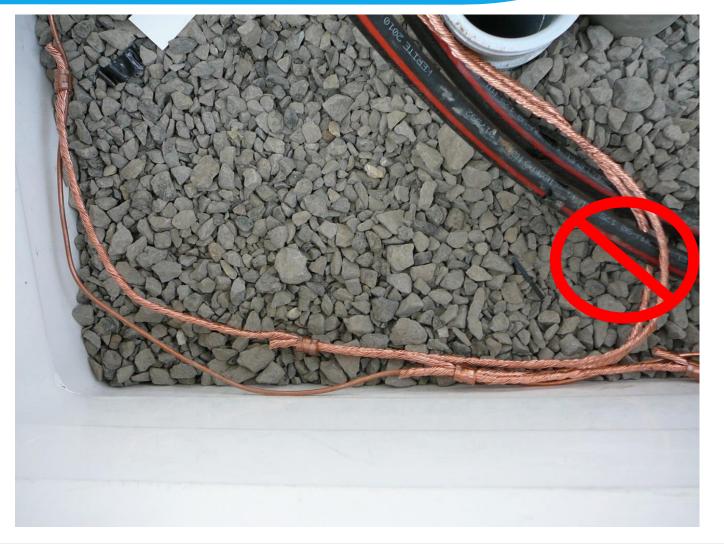


Example of neutral slack



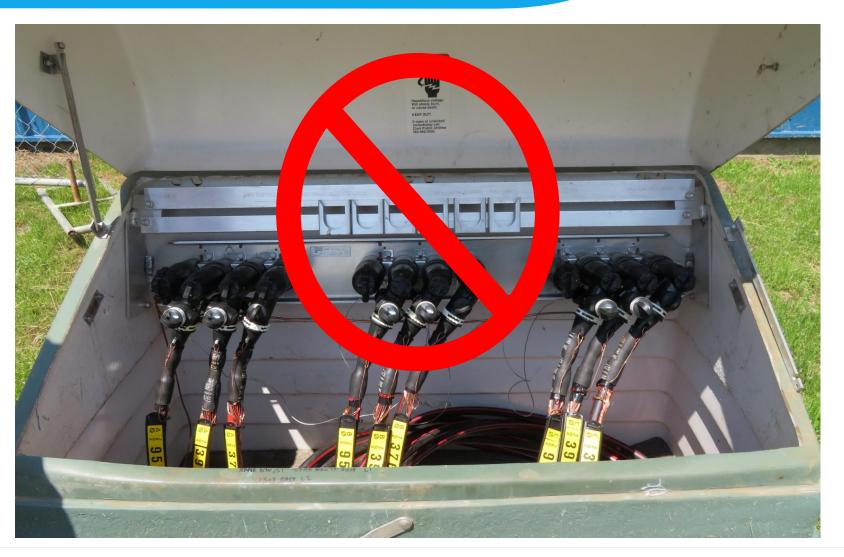


✓ In this case, the neutral crosses behind, trapping the primary, this is not acceptable





- Energized
- Close and Call CPU









- Use a stand pipe
- Plug the end in the ground
- Place a 3M locate disk at the end of the stand pipe





- Place a Loop Enclosure (LE) over the pipe
- Make sure to bury the LE





- Hard tag both ends of the future
- The more information the better





- This is a conduit plug
- Attach pulling tape to the eye
- Make sure to leave slack in the pulling tape





- All pipe above ground shall be schedule
- On not move the bracket the engineer installs
- Strap pipe to the end of the bracket
- Make sure the pipe is plumb with the pole
- ✓ Use long sweep 90 for primary
- Seal the ends of the wire when they will not be terminated
- Wire tail should be long enough to reach over the top of the pole
- O not cut any bends of conduit





O Do not do this!

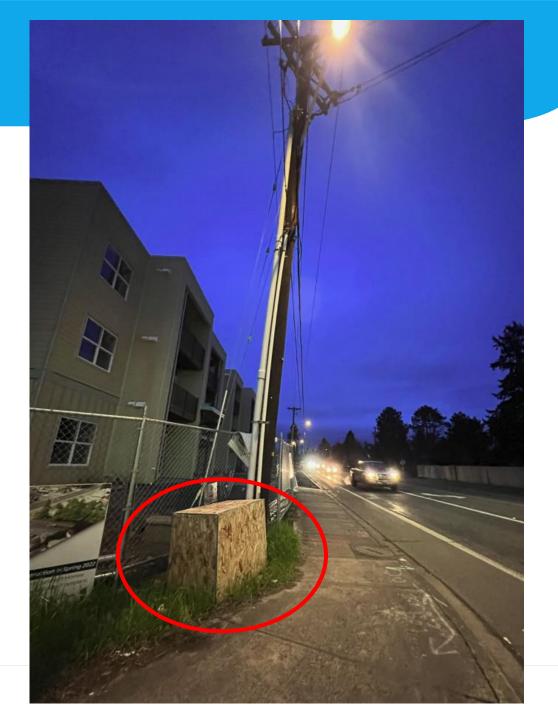




- Contractor is responsible for the cable
- You are taking a chance leaving the cable like this
- Pull riser wire last



 Example of contractor protecting the wire at the bottom of the pole.







Questions?

Closing



Please, remember that Clark Public Utilities is customer owned

- Treat our customers and employees with respect
- We are here to help
- Thank you for making this a successful program

Approved Primary Electrical Installation

